

Sources Cited in the Episode + vocabulary key

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Vocabulary key

1. **Multilingualism** – The use of more than one language in a region or by an individual.
2. **Egyptologist** – A scholar who studies ancient Egyptian history, language, literature, and culture.
3. **Hieroglyphics** – A writing system using symbols or pictures used in ancient Egypt.
4. **Ideographic** – A symbol that represents an idea or concept rather than a specific word or sound.
5. **Phonetic** – Relating to the sounds of speech. Ancient Greek “Phonos” meaning sound or voice
6. **Determinative** – A sign added to a word to clarify its meaning (common in Egyptian scripts).
7. **Monumental Inscriptions** – Writings carved into large public structures or monuments.
8. **Middle Egyptian** – The classical form of the Egyptian language, often used in monumental inscriptions.
9. **Demotic** – A later Egyptian script derived from earlier ones, used for everyday purposes.
10. **Coptic** – The latest stage of the Egyptian language, using the Greek alphabet with additional characters.
11. **Sociolinguistic** – Relating to how language interacts with social factors like class, ethnicity, and status.
12. **Language death** – When a language loses all of its native speakers.
13. **Script** – The written form of a language.
14. **Colloquial** – Informal or conversational language.
15. **Orthodox** (in this context) – Conforming to established or traditional beliefs, often used for religious adherence.